



New Employee Instructions Packet

This New Employee Instructions Packet must be made available to all new employees when they are completing their New Employee Forms Packet.

This packet includes the following:

- Maine Background Check Center instructions for employees who need to correct inaccurate information that is found during their background check
- Form W-4 Federal Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate additional instructions and worksheets
- Form W-4ME Maine Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate additional instructions
- ADP Employee Access Registration instructions to access pay statements

If you have any questions, please call SPLLC at (800) 427-1241 or email us at fi@SeniorsPlus.org.



STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Maine Background Check Center

Background Check Report
Correcting Inaccurate Information
Applicants or Employees

You have the right to challenge and correct inaccurate information found during a comprehensive background check. If you know that information presented on the Maine Background Check Center (MBCC) report is incorrect or incomplete you must seek a challenge and ask for a correction to the reporting entity as follows:

State Criminal Records: You must challenge incorrect or incomplete state criminal record information maintained by state criminal record repositories directly to the state where the record is maintained.

State of Maine criminal history records may be challenged by contacting the Maine State Bureau of Identification (SBI) directly by writing the State Bureau of Identification, State House Station #42, Augusta, ME 04333-0042, or online at <http://www.maine.gov/dps/Sbi/contact.html>. The SBI is responsible for correcting the record and notifying the MBCC. The MBCC will issue a final background check report to your employer upon completion of the error correction process based on the final record released by the SBI.

Federal Criminal Records: You must challenge incorrect or incomplete criminal record information maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) by communicating directly with the Federal or State agency responsible for submitting the criminal record to the FBI. Alternatively, you may challenge the accuracy of the FBI record directly to the FBI by writing the Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division, ATTN: Summary Request, 1000 Custer Hollow Road, Clarksburg, WV 26306, or online at <https://www.fbi.gov/services/cjis/identity-history-summary-checks>. The FBI is responsible for correcting the record and notifying the Maine Background Check Center, and a revised Background Check Report can be issued. (See 28 CFR §§16.30 - 16.34)

Public Registries: If you believe that disqualifying offense information listed on a Federal or State registry is incorrect or incomplete, you must contact the agency responsible for maintaining the registry.

- Office of Inspector General (OIG) List of Excluded Individuals/Entities (LEIE)**
E-mail Address: sanction@oig.hhs.gov
Telephone: (202) 691-2311
Mailing Address: HHS, OIG, OI, Attn: Exclusions, P.O. Box 23871, Washington, DC 20026
Website: <https://exclusions.oig.hhs.gov/>

- The Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website (NSOPW)**
To correct any errors in registration information, you must contact the state registration officials where the record is held.
Website: <http://www.nsopw.gov/>

State Registries: To correct errors on registry information, you must contact the officials that maintain the registry in each state. The Background Check Center checks the following registries:

Maine Sex Offender Registry

Contact the Sex Offender Registry (State Bureau of Identification)

E-mail Address: maine_SOR.help@maine.gov

Telephone: (207) 624-7270

Maine Registry of Certified Nursing Assistants (CNA) and Direct Care Workers (DCW)

Contact the CNA and DCW registry

E-mail Address: dhrs.cnaregistry@maine.gov

Telephone: (207) 624-7300

Maine Program Integrity Excluded Providers: List of Excluded Individuals/Entities

Contact Maine Department of Health and Human Services, Program Integrity Unit

Website: <https://mainecare.maine.gov/mhpviewer.aspx?FID=MEEEX>

Telephone: (207) 287-4660 **TTY:** Maine Relay 711

Mailing Address: 221 State Street, Augusta, ME 04330

Maine Background Check Center: Request for correction of errors

If an error appears on a Maine Background Check Center Report you must follow the procedures outlined in the Maine Background Check Program Rules by contacting MBCC

E-mail: MBCC-Admin.DHHS@maine.gov

Telephone: 888-572-5839 **TTY:** Maine Relay 711

Mailing Address: 11 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333

Out of State Registries

The employer has the option to search Out of State Registries based on information you provide in your application. If there is an error found in information listed on registries in other states, you must contact that particular registry for corrections.

Professional Licensing

If you believe that information provided about your professional license is incorrect or incomplete, you must contact the agency responsible for the licensing data.

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form W-4, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4.

Purpose of Form

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. If too little is withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty. If too much is withheld, you will generally be due a refund. Complete a new Form W-4 when changes to your personal or financial situation would change the entries on the form. For more information on withholding and when you must furnish a new Form W-4, see Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax.

Exemption from withholding. You may claim exemption from withholding for 2023 if you meet both of the following conditions: you had no federal income tax liability in 2022 **and** you expect to have no federal income tax liability in 2023. You had no federal income tax liability in 2022 if (1) your total tax on line 24 on your 2022 Form 1040 or 1040-SR is zero (or less than the sum of lines 27, 28, and 29), or (2) you were not required to file a return because your income was below the filing threshold for your correct filing status. If you claim exemption, you will have no income tax withheld from your paycheck and may owe taxes and penalties when you file your 2023 tax return. To claim exemption from withholding, certify that you meet both of the conditions above by writing "Exempt" on Form W-4 in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1(a), 1(b), and 5. Do not complete any other steps. You will need to submit a new Form W-4 by February 15, 2024.

Your privacy. If you have concerns with Step 2(c), you may choose Step 2(b); if you have concerns with Step 4(a), you may enter an additional amount you want withheld per pay period in Step 4(c).

Self-employment. Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you receive separate from the wages you receive as an employee. If you want to pay income and self-employment taxes through withholding from your wages, you should enter the self-employment income on Step 4(a). Then compute your self-employment tax, divide that tax by the number of pay periods remaining in the year, and include that resulting amount per pay period on Step 4(c). You can also add half of the annual amount of self-employment tax to Step 4(b) as a deduction. To calculate self-employment tax, you generally multiply the self-employment income by 14.13% (this rate is a quick way to figure your self-employment tax and equals the sum of the 12.4% social security tax and the 2.9% Medicare tax multiplied by 0.9235). See Pub. 505 for more information, especially if the sum of self-employment income multiplied by 0.9235 and wages exceeds \$160,200 for a given individual.

Nonresident alien. If you're a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

Specific Instructions

Step 1(c). Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

Step 2. Use this step if you (1) have more than one job at the same time, or (2) are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both work.

If you (and your spouse) have a total of only two jobs, you may check the box in option (c). The box must also be checked on the Form W-4 for the other job. If the box is checked, the standard deduction and tax brackets will be cut in half for each job to calculate withholding. This option is roughly accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld, and this extra amount will be larger the greater the difference in pay is between the two jobs.



Multiple jobs. Complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on only one Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you do this on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Step 3. This step provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 501, Dependents, Standard Deduction, and Filing Information. You can also include **other tax credits** for which you are eligible in this step, such as the foreign tax credit and the education tax credits. To do so, add an estimate of the amount for the year to your credits for dependents and enter the total amount in Step 3. Including these credits will increase your paycheck and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

Step 4 (optional).

Step 4(a). Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include income from any jobs or self-employment. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your paycheck, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Step 4(b). Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 5, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2023 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes both itemized deductions and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

Step 4(c). Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from your pay **each pay period**, including any amounts from the Multiple Jobs Worksheet, line 4. Entering an amount here will reduce your paycheck and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

Step 2(b) – Multiple Jobs Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



If you choose the option in Step 2(b) on Form W-4, complete this worksheet (which calculates the total extra tax for all jobs) on only ONE Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you complete the worksheet and enter the result on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job. To be accurate, submit a new Form W-4 for all other jobs if you have not updated your withholding since 2019.

Note: If more than one job has annual wages of more than \$120,000 or there are more than three jobs, see Pub. 505 for additional tables.

- 1 Two jobs. If you have two jobs or you're married filing jointly and you and your spouse each have one job, find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4. Using the "Higher Paying Job" row and the "Lower Paying Job" column, find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 1. Then, skip to line 3
2 Three jobs. If you and/or your spouse have three jobs at the same time, complete lines 2a, 2b, and 2c below. Otherwise, skip to line 3.
a Find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 using the annual wages from the highest paying job in the "Higher Paying Job" row and the annual wages for your next highest paying job in the "Lower Paying Job" column. Find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 2a
b Add the annual wages of the two highest paying jobs from line 2a together and use the total as the wages in the "Higher Paying Job" row and use the annual wages for your third job in the "Lower Paying Job" column to find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 and enter this amount on line 2b
c Add the amounts from lines 2a and 2b and enter the result on line 2c
3 Enter the number of pay periods per year for the highest paying job. For example, if that job pays weekly, enter 52; if it pays every other week, enter 26; if it pays monthly, enter 12, etc.
4 Divide the annual amount on line 1 or line 2c by the number of pay periods on line 3. Enter this amount here and in Step 4(c) of Form W-4 for the highest paying job (along with any other additional amount you want withheld)

Step 4(b) – Deductions Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



- 1 Enter an estimate of your 2023 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income
2 Enter: { \$27,700 if you're married filing jointly or a qualifying surviving spouse; \$20,800 if you're head of household; \$13,850 if you're single or married filing separately }
3 If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1 and enter the result here. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-"
4 Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040)). See Pub. 505 for more information
5 Add lines 3 and 4. Enter the result here and in Step 4(b) of Form W-4

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Surviving Spouse

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$0	\$850	\$850	\$1,000	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,870
\$10,000 - 19,999	0	930	1,850	2,000	2,200	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	3,200	4,070
\$20,000 - 29,999	850	1,850	2,920	3,120	3,320	3,340	3,340	3,340	3,340	4,320	5,320	6,190
\$30,000 - 39,999	850	2,000	3,120	3,320	3,520	3,540	3,540	3,540	4,520	5,520	6,520	7,390
\$40,000 - 49,999	1,000	2,200	3,320	3,520	3,720	3,740	3,740	4,720	5,720	6,720	7,720	8,590
\$50,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,340	3,540	3,740	3,760	4,750	5,750	6,750	7,750	8,750	9,610
\$60,000 - 69,999	1,020	2,220	3,340	3,540	3,740	4,750	5,750	6,750	7,750	8,750	9,750	10,610
\$70,000 - 79,999	1,020	2,220	3,340	3,540	4,720	5,750	6,750	7,750	8,750	9,750	10,750	11,610
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,020	2,220	4,170	5,370	6,570	7,600	8,600	9,600	10,600	11,600	12,600	13,460
\$100,000 - 149,999	1,870	4,070	6,190	7,390	8,590	9,610	10,610	11,660	12,860	14,060	15,260	16,330
\$150,000 - 239,999	2,040	4,440	6,760	8,160	9,560	10,780	11,980	13,180	14,380	15,580	16,780	17,850
\$240,000 - 259,999	2,040	4,440	6,760	8,160	9,560	10,780	11,980	13,180	14,380	15,580	16,780	17,850
\$260,000 - 279,999	2,040	4,440	6,760	8,160	9,560	10,780	11,980	13,180	14,380	15,580	16,780	18,140
\$280,000 - 299,999	2,040	4,440	6,760	8,160	9,560	10,780	11,980	13,180	14,380	15,870	17,870	19,740
\$300,000 - 319,999	2,040	4,440	6,760	8,160	9,560	10,780	11,980	13,470	15,470	17,470	19,470	21,340
\$320,000 - 364,999	2,040	4,440	6,760	8,550	10,750	12,770	14,770	16,770	18,770	20,770	22,770	24,640
\$365,000 - 524,999	2,970	6,470	9,890	12,390	14,890	17,220	19,520	21,820	24,120	26,420	28,720	30,880
\$525,000 and over	3,140	6,840	10,460	13,160	15,860	18,390	20,890	23,390	25,890	28,390	30,890	33,250

Single or Married Filing Separately

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$310	\$890	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,860	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$2,030	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	890	1,630	1,750	1,750	2,600	3,600	3,600	3,600	3,600	3,760	3,960	3,970
\$20,000 - 29,999	1,020	1,750	1,880	2,720	3,720	4,720	4,730	4,730	4,890	5,090	5,290	5,300
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	1,750	2,720	3,720	4,720	5,720	5,730	5,890	6,090	6,290	6,490	6,500
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,710	3,450	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,700	7,910	8,110	8,310	8,510	8,710	8,720
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	3,600	4,730	5,860	7,060	8,260	8,460	8,660	8,860	9,060	9,260	9,280
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,870	3,730	5,060	6,260	7,460	8,660	8,860	9,060	9,260	9,460	10,430	11,240
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	3,970	5,300	6,500	7,700	8,900	9,110	9,610	10,610	11,610	12,610	13,430
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	3,970	5,300	6,500	7,700	9,610	10,610	11,610	12,610	13,610	14,900	16,020
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	3,970	5,610	7,610	9,610	11,610	12,610	13,750	15,050	16,350	17,650	18,770
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,450	7,580	9,580	11,580	13,870	15,180	16,480	17,780	19,080	20,380	21,490
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,900	5,930	8,360	10,660	12,960	15,260	16,570	17,870	19,170	20,470	21,770	22,880
\$250,000 - 399,999	2,970	6,010	8,440	10,740	13,040	15,340	16,640	17,940	19,240	20,540	21,840	22,960
\$400,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,010	8,440	10,740	13,040	15,340	16,640	17,940	19,240	20,540	21,840	22,960
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,380	9,010	11,510	14,010	16,510	18,010	19,510	21,010	22,510	24,010	25,330

Head of Household

Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$620	\$860	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,650	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,890	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	620	1,630	2,060	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,850	3,850	4,070	4,090	4,290	4,440
\$20,000 - 29,999	860	2,060	2,490	2,650	2,650	3,280	4,280	5,280	5,520	5,720	5,920	6,070
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,220	2,650	2,810	3,440	4,440	5,440	6,460	6,880	7,080	7,280	7,430
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,130	4,290	5,290	6,290	7,480	8,680	9,100	9,300	9,500	9,650
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,500	3,700	5,130	6,290	7,480	8,680	9,880	11,080	11,500	11,700	11,900	12,050
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,870	4,070	5,690	7,050	8,250	9,450	10,650	11,850	12,260	12,460	12,870	13,820
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	4,440	6,070	7,430	8,630	9,830	11,030	12,230	13,190	14,190	15,190	16,150
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	4,440	6,070	7,430	8,630	9,980	11,980	13,980	15,190	16,190	17,270	18,530
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	4,440	6,070	7,980	9,980	11,980	13,980	15,980	17,420	18,720	20,020	21,280
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,190	5,390	7,820	9,980	11,980	14,060	16,360	18,660	20,170	21,470	22,770	24,030
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,720	6,190	8,920	11,380	13,680	15,980	18,280	20,580	22,090	23,390	24,690	25,950
\$250,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,470	9,200	11,660	13,960	16,260	18,560	20,860	22,380	23,680	24,980	26,230
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,840	9,770	12,430	14,930	17,430	19,930	22,430	24,150	25,650	27,150	28,600

Line 6e. If you are the spouse of a member of the military, you may claim exemption from Maine withholding if you meet the following requirements:

1. Your spouse is a member of the military located in Maine in compliance with military orders.
2. You are in Maine solely to be with your spouse.
3. You and your spouse have the same domicile in a state other than Maine.
4. You attach a copy of your spouse's latest Leave and Earning Statement reflecting an assignment location in Maine.

5. You present your military ID to your employer. The ID must identify you as a military spouse.

Your exemption will expire at the end of the calendar year during which you submit Form W-4ME claiming the exemption, at which time you must complete and submit a new Maine Form W-4ME for the new year.

Note: You may be subject to penalty if you do not have sufficient withholding to meet your Maine income tax liability.

Notice to Employers and Other Payers

Maine law requires employers and other persons to withhold money from certain payments, most commonly wages, retirement payments and gambling winnings, and remit to Maine Revenue Services for application against the Maine income tax liability of employees and other payees. The amount of withholding must be calculated according to the provisions of Rule No. 803 (See www.maine.gov/revenue/rules) and must constitute a reasonable estimate of Maine income tax due on the receipt of the payment. Amounts withheld must be paid over to Maine Revenue Services on a periodic basis as provided by Title 36 M.R.S. Chapter 827 (§§ 5250 - 5255-B) and Rule No. 803 (18-125 C.M.R., ch. 803).

Employer/Payer Information for Completing Form W-4ME

An employer/payer is required to submit a copy of Form W-4ME, along with a copy of any supporting information provided by the employee/payee, to Maine Revenue Services if:

- A. The employer/payer is required to submit a copy of federal Form W-4 to the Internal Revenue Service either by written notice or by published guidance as required by federal regulation 26 CFR 31.3402(f)(2)-1(g); or
- B. An employee performing personal services in Maine furnishes a Form W-4ME to the employer containing a non-Maine address and, for any reason, claims no Maine income tax is to be withheld. This submission is not required if the employer reasonably expects that the employee will earn annual Maine-source income of less than \$5,000 or if the employee is a nonresident working in Maine for no more than 12 days for the calendar year and is, therefore, exempt from Maine income tax withholding.

Submit copies of Form W-4ME directly to the MRS Withholding Unit separately from any other tax filing.

Employers/Payers must complete lines 7 through 10 only if required to submit a copy of Form W-4ME to Maine Revenue Services.

- ✓ Line 7 Enter employer/payer name and business address.
- ✓ Line 8 Enter employer/payer federal identification number (EIN and/or SSN).
- ✓ Line 9 Enter employer/payer contact person who can answer questions about withholding (i.e. human resources person, company officer, accountant, etc.).
- ✓ Line 10 Enter employer/payer contact person's phone number.

Important Information for Employers/Payers

Missing or invalid Forms W-4, W-4P or W-4ME. If any of the circumstances below occur, the employer or payer must withhold as if the employee or payee were single and claiming no allowances. Maine income tax must be withheld at this rate until such time that the employee or payee provides a valid Form W-4ME.

- (1) The employee/payee has not provided a valid, signed Form W-4ME;
- (2) The employee's/payee's Form W-4 or W-4P is determined to be invalid for purposes of federal withholding;
- (3) The Assessor notifies the employer/payer that the employee's/payee's Form W-4ME is invalid; or
- (4) The employee's/payee's Personal Withholding Allowance Variance Certificate has expired, a new variance certificate has not been approved and submitted to the employer/payer and the payee has not provided the payer with a valid Form W-4ME.

Exemptions from withholding Form W-4ME, line 6. Generally, employers/payers must withhold from payments subject to Maine income tax unless an exemption is claimed on line 6.

Federal exemption from withholding (lines 6a and 6b). An employee/payee who is exempt from federal income tax withholding is also exempt from Maine income tax withholding. This includes recipients of periodic retirement payments who are exempt from federal income tax withholding. The employee/payee must check the applicable box on line 6. An employee/payee exempt from federal withholding that wants Maine withholding must leave line 6 blank.

Resident employee exemption from Maine withholding (line 6c). A resident employee who is subject to federal income tax withholding is exempt from Maine income tax withholding if the employee had no Maine tax liability for the prior year and expects to have no Maine tax liability for the current year. The exemption on line 6c expires at the end of each year. If the employee fails to submit a new Form W-4ME for the next calendar year, the employer must begin withholding at the single rate with no allowances.

Withholding from payments to nonresident employees. An employee who is exempt from Maine income tax because of the nontaxable thresholds applicable to nonresidents is not required to complete and submit Form W-4ME; however, an employee becomes subject to Maine income tax withholding immediately upon exceeding a threshold at any time during the year. Because all income earned in Maine is taxable by Maine once a threshold is exceeded, employers should work with affected employees to ensure that Maine withholding is adequate to cover Maine income tax liability for the year. This may require the employee submitting a new Form W-4ME with the employer.

Withholding exemption for periodic retirement payments (line 6d). Recipients of periodic retirement payments as defined by IRC § 3405 that are subject to federal income tax withholding are exempt from Maine income tax withholding if the recipient certifies (by checking the box on line 6d) that he or she had no Maine income tax liability for the prior year and expects to have no Maine income tax liability for the current year. The exemption remains in effect until the recipient submits an updated Form W-4ME.

Exemptions under the Military Spouse's Residency Relief Act (MSRRA). If the box on line 6e is checked, the employer must:

- (1) Ensure that a copy of the military member's Leave and Earnings Statement (LES) is attached, and verify that the assignment location entered on the LES is a location in Maine; and
- (2) Review the employee's military ID to ensure that the date on the ID is not more than four years prior to the date on the employee's Form W-4ME, and that the ID denotes the employee as a current military spouse.

An exemption claimed on line 6e expires at the end of the calendar year. If the employee does not submit a new Maine Form W-4ME, the employer must begin withholding for the first pay period in the following year at the maximum rate (single with one allowance).

See the employee instructions for line 6e above for more information about this exemption.

ADP Employee Access Registration

(to access pay statements)

Welcome! After your first pay has been issued please make sure to register for access to your pay statements.

ADP is committed to protecting your privacy and ensuring that only you can access your personal information. To assist us in meeting that commitment, you must register with us before using our services.

- To register, go to <https://workforcenow.adp.com>
- Click on Create account
- Click on I have a registration code
- Your registration code is **spilccpa-welcome**
- Follow the instructions on each page

Security Tip: To protect your personal information from fraud, be sure to use a known computer or mobile device with a trusted internet connection.

Please note: You will not be able to complete your registration until after your first pay has been issued.